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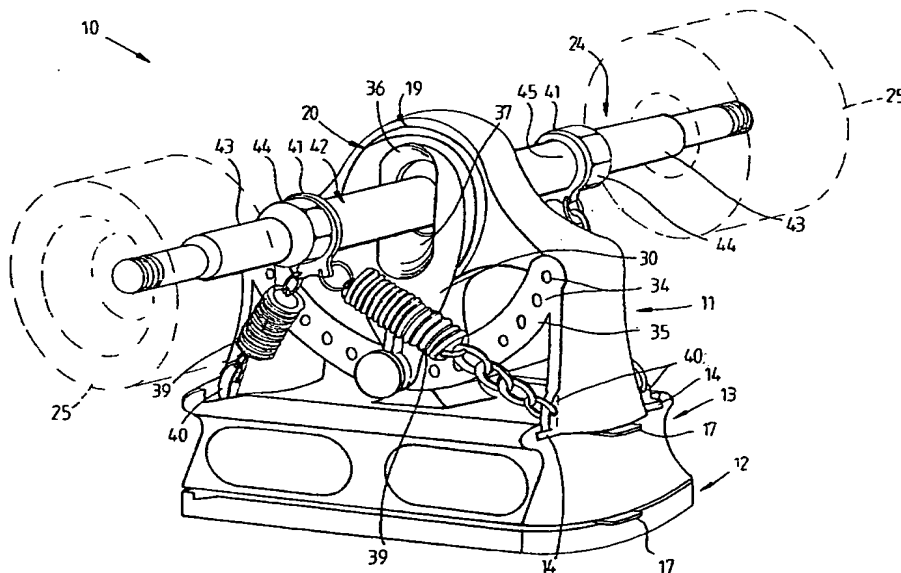
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(54) Title: TRUCK ASSEMBLIES FOR SKATEBOARDS



(57) Abstract: A skateboard truck assembly (10) having a main body (11) for mounting to the underside of a skateboard deck, an axle (24) carrying skateboard wheels (25) and mounted intermediate its opposite ends to the main body (11) via a rotatable steering adjustment body (20) for pivotal movement in a steering plane, the steering adjustment body (20) being mounted to the main body (11) for rotation about an axis extending transversely of the body (11) such that a change in the rotational position of the steering adjustment body (20) adjusts the pivot axis of the axle (24) and thus the steering characteristics of the truck assembly (10).

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TRUCK ASSEMBLIES FOR SKATEBOARDS

Technical Field

This invention relates to truck assemblies for skateboards or other similar vehicles and in particular to truck assemblies which enable steering characteristics of a skateboard or other similar vehicle to be varied.

Background Art

Skateboards in many different designs have developed since introduction of the basic skateboard configuration. In the basic configuration, the skateboard comprises a deck having on its lower side front and rear truck assemblies, each of which supports opposite pairs of wheels on a transversely extending axle. The axles are mounted for pivotal movement about axes which extend at an obtuse angle to the plane of the skateboard deck and usually, the pivot axes of the axles of the front and rear truck assemblies are of an opposite inclination. Skateboard are therefore able to be steered by the rider leaning or shifting his or her weight to one side or other of the skateboard board thereby pivoting the deck in opposite directions relative to the longitudinal axis of the skateboard, this causing fore and aft pivotal movement of the truck axles in opposite directions. Usually the skateboard truck assemblies incorporate resilient pads which resist pivoting of the axle of the wheels and tend to return the axle and wheels to a neutral position.

More recently longboard skateboards have been introduced which include a deck of extended length. Skateboards of this type also incorporate truck assemblies however some difficulties are associated with steering of this type of board and maintaining their stability if conventional truck assemblies are used. It is also desirable to the enable adjustment of the steering characteristics of this type of skateboard to suit different applications. For this purpose it has been known to place an angled or wedge-shaped packer between the skateboard truck assembly and the underside of the skateboard deck to adjust the pivot axis of the truck assembly axle. This procedure however is obviously time-consuming as it involves removal of the truck assembly and then reassembling with the use of the angled packer between the truck assembly and board. A further disadvantage is that each time a different angle is required for the plane of operation of the axles of the skateboard wheels, a packer of a different angle is required.

Other truck assemblies have means for varying the type or characteristics of the

resilient pads used to resist pivotal movement of the truck wheel axles such that for example a greater or lesser weight is required to be applied to one side or other of the skateboard deck obtain the same steering movement of the skateboard truck assemblies. These types of truck assemblies however have disadvantages as steering then becomes
5 dependent on the weight applied and as a result control is compromised.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention aims to provide an improved truck assembly particularly suited for use with longboard type skateboards but which is also suited to use with other forms of skateboard or other rideable vehicle. In particular aspect the present invention
10 aims to provide a truck assembly in which the steering characteristics of the truck assembly can be selectively varied in a simple and effective manner. The present invention in a further aspect aims to provide a skateboard or other rideable vehicle incorporating truck assemblies according to the present invention. In yet a further aspect, the present invention aims to provide an improved method and means for
15 mounting a truck assembly to a deck of a skateboard or other rideable vehicle. Other objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following description.

The present invention thus provides in a first preferred aspect, a truck assembly for a skateboard having a skateboard deck, said truck assembly having a main body
20 adapted to be mounted to the underside of said skateboard deck, an axle for supporting a pair of skateboard wheels, means for mounting said axle to said main body in such a manner as to allow pivotal movement of said axle in opposite directions in a steering plane extending transversely of said main body and means for selectively adjusting said steering plane to vary the steering characteristics of said truck assembly.

25 The term "skateboard" as used throughout the specification includes conventional skateboards, longboard skateboards or any other rideable vehicle which uses truck assemblies.

Preferably pivot means mount the axle to the main body and define the plane of pivotal movement of the wheel axle. The pivot means is suitably provided intermediate
30 opposite ends of the wheel axle and means are suitably provided for selectively adjusting the pivot means to adjust the plane of movement of the wheel axles. Typically the axis of pivot means lies in a plane extending longitudinally of and normal to the plane of the

skateboard deck and the adjustment means adjusts the position of the axis of the pivot means in that plane.

In another aspect, the present invention provides a truck assembly for a skateboard having an elongated skateboard deck, said truck assembly having a main body adapted to be mounted to the underside of said skateboard deck, a wheel assembly
5 having an axle and a pair of wheels rotatably mounted to opposite ends of said axle, pivot means intermediate said ends of said axle mounting said axle to said main body for pivotal movement about an axis extending substantially normally to said axle to thereby permit pivotal movement of said axle in or parallel to a plane normal to said
10 axis, and means for selectively adjusting said pivot axis to vary the plane of movement of said axle whereby to change the steering characteristics of said truck assembly.

Preferably, pivot support means support the pivot means, the pivot support means being mounted to the main body for rotation about an axis extending transversely of the main body. The main body suitably has a longitudinal axis for longitudinal alignment
15 with the skateboard deck and the pivot axis of the wheel axle is suitably adjustable in a plane passing through the longitudinal axis of said main body.

The pivot means in one preferred form may comprises trunnions or other pivot supports which extend to opposite sides of the wheel axle and means are provided for supporting the trunnions or pivot supports to the main body for rotation about the pivot
20 axis of the pivot means to allow the axle of the wheels of the truck assembly to move in their plane of movement. Preferably, the trunnion support means are adjustable to enable variation of the pivot axis of the trunnions. Means may be provided for the unrestricted adjustment of the position of the trunnion support means and therefore unrestricted adjustment of the plane of pivotal movement of the axle of the truck
25 assembly. Alternatively means may be provided for adjustment of the position of the trunnion support means and therefore plane of pivotal movement of the axle of the truck assembly to one of a number of discrete positions.

Preferably, the trunnion support means comprises an adjustable support boss mounted to the main body for rotational movement about an axis extending transversely
30 of the main body and thus substantially normal to the longitudinal axis of the skateboard and parallel to the deck of the skateboard. The axle which supports the skateboard wheels is concentric to the axis of rotational movement of the boss when the axle is in a

“neutral” position, that is a position where the truck assemblies are steering straight ahead. The trunnion support boss may be journalled to the main body or supported by any suitable bearing or bush arrangement to the main body. The support boss most suitably is mounted in a bore in the main body for rotation about an axis extending
5 transversely of the main body and normal to the pivot axis of the axle.

The trunnions may typically be supported for rotation in bearings or bushes in the support boss. The support boss may be provided with an adjustment arm and the position of the adjustment arm is adjustable to thereby adjust the rotational position of the support boss and the pivot axis of the trunnions. In one form, a series of locating
10 means may be provided to locate and define different positions of the adjustment arm. The locating means may for example be in the form of a plurality of stops, apertures, markers or indicators. The adjustment arm may include means which cooperate with, or which may be aligned with, a selected stop, aperture, marker or indicator to set or locate the position of the adjustment arm and boss. For example where the locating
15 means are in the form of a plurality of apertures, the adjustment arm may include a pin which can locate in a selected aperture. The pin may be spring loaded to cooperate with a selected aperture to securely and positively locate and hold the arm in a selected position. The pin may have an enlarged head which facilitates its grasping and disengagement of the pin from a selected aperture. Most preferably, the arm extends
20 generally radially relative to the axis of rotational movement of the boss and the locating means are arranged along an arc or curve on the main body of the truck assembly which is centered on the axis of rotational movement of the boss.

Biasing means are suitably provided for opposing pivotal movement of the axle of the truck assembly in its steering plane. The biasing means may be provided
25 between the axle and main body. Preferably, the biasing means comprise springs which may comprise coiled springs or other elastic or resilient means. Most preferably, pairs of springs or resilient means are provided on both sides of the main body and extend between, and are connected to, the main body and axle. The springs or other resilient means suitably extend between and are connected to opposite ends of the main body and
30 the axle.

Preferably, the truck assembly is adapted to be mounted detachably to the skateboard deck via a mounting means. The present invention thus provides in another

preferred aspect a truck assembly for use with a skateboard having a skateboard deck, said truck assembly having a main body, and mounting means for mounting said main body to said skateboard deck, said mounting means comprising a mounting member adapted to be mounted directly to the underside of said skateboard deck, said mounting
5 member having means for cooperation with said main body for mounting said truck assembly to said skateboard, or with a spacer for mounting said truck assembly via said spacer to said skateboard deck.

Preferably, the main body of the truck assembly is adapted for slidable engagement with the mounting member or spacer and the spacer is adapted for slidable
10 engagement with the mounting member. The spacer may be any desired thickness and a series of spacers of different thicknesses may be provided for different applications.

Preferably, the mounting member and main body have complementary coupling means and the spacer has coupling means complementary to the coupling means of the main body and mounting member. The complementary coupling means may comprise a
15 complementary rib or tongue/groove configuration which permits the main body, mounting member and spacer to be slidably interengaged. Releasable latch means may be provided for latching the main body to the spacer or mounting member and for latching the spacer to the mounting member.

The present invention in a further aspect provides a skateboard having an elongated skateboard deck and a pair of truck assemblies secured to the underside of
20 said deck adjacent opposite ends of said deck, each said truck assembly having an axle supporting a pair of wheels at opposite ends thereof, and wherein said axle of at least one said truck assembly is mounted to said skateboard deck for pivotal movement in a steering plane extending transversely to the longitudinal axis of said skateboard deck to
25 allow steering of said skateboard and there being provided means for selectively adjusting the inclination of said steering plane relative to said longitudinal axis of said skateboard deck to enable variation of the steering characteristics of said skateboard.

The steering plane is the plane in which or through which the axle moves during steering of the skateboard and suitably, the axle is supported for pivotal steering
30 movement in the steering plane about a pivot axis defining the plane of pivotal movement of the axle, the pivot axis lying in a plane extending longitudinally of the skateboard deck and normal thereto. The means for selectively adjusting the plane of

pivotal movement of the axle suitably comprises means for rotating the pivot axis in the longitudinally extending plane.

The at least one truck assembly suitably includes a main body mounted to the skateboard deck in longitudinal alignment with the longitudinal axis of the skateboard deck, and pivot support means are mounted to the main body for rotational movement
5 about an axis extending transversely of the longitudinal axis, the pivot support means supporting the axle to the main body for pivotal movement about the pivot axis.

An adjustment arm is suitably provided for adjusting the rotational position of the pivot support means relative to the main body for adjusting the pivot axis of the axle, and locating means are suitably provided for locating the adjustment arm in a
10 selected one of a series of spaced positions.

Brief Description of the Drawings

In order that the invention may be more readily understood and put into practical effect, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings which illustrate a
15 preferred embodiment of the invention and wherein :

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a truck assembly according to an embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 2 illustrates in a dissembled view the truck body of the truck assembly and associated mounting block and spacer;

20 Fig. 3 and 4 illustrate in side and front views, the steering adjustment body of the truck assembly;

Fig. 5 illustrates a skateboard provided with a pair of truck assemblies according to an embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 6 illustrates portion of the skateboard of Fig. 5 from the front;

25 Figs 7 (a), (b) and (c) illustrate respectively one position of the steering adjustment body and the steering effect achieved when the skateboard is tilted, shown schematically from the top and front; and

Figs 8 (a), (b) and (c) illustrate respectively a second position of the steering adjustment body and the steering effect achieved when the skateboard is tilted shown
30 schematically from the top and front.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Referring to the drawings and firstly to Figs. 1 and 2, there is illustrated a truck

assembly 10 according to an embodiment of the invention primarily designed for use with longboard skateboards but which may be used with smaller size skateboards or any other similar rideable vehicle. The truck assembly 10 includes a main truck body 11 which is adapted to be mounted to the underside of the deck of a skateboard via a mounting block or member 12 which may be secured by bolts, screws or fasteners to the skateboard deck and with or without an intermediate spacer 13. Complementary coupling means are provided on the truck body 11, mounting block 12 and spacer 13 which allow them to be slidably interengaged. Thus the truck body 11 may be slidably engaged directly with the mounting block 12 or the truck body 11 may be slidably engaged with the spacer 13 and the spacer 13 slidably engaged with the mounting block 12. Thus spacers 13 of different thickness may be provided to enable different spacings of the truck body 11 from the skateboard deck.

The complementary coupling means comprise a tongue and groove type coupling comprising pairs of opposite parallel rails or edges 14 and 14' on the lower side of the truck body 11 and spacer 13 respectively and a pair of opposed parallel complementary grooves 15 and 15' on the upper side of the spacer 13 and mounting block 12. The ribs 14 and 14' and grooves 15 and 15' are at substantially the same lateral spacing such that the truck body 11 may be slid longitudinally onto the mounting block 12 or spacer 13 through the cooperation between the opposed ribs 14 or 14' and grooves 15 or 15' and similarly the spacer 13 may be slid longitudinally onto the mounting block 12 through the cooperation between the opposed ribs 14' and grooves 15'.

The truck body 11 is maintained in engagement with the mounting block 12 or spacer 13 by latching mechanisms comprising a latching member 16 and 16' on a spring or resilient finger 17 and 17' fixed to or integrally formed with the mounting block 12 or spacer 13. The latch members 16 and 16' are adapted to locate in a recess 18 on the underside of the truck body 11 and the latch member is adapted to be located in a recess 18' on the underside of the spacer 13 to retain the body 11 to the block 12 or spacer 13, or spacer 13 to the mounting block 12. The body 11 may be detached from the block 12 or spacer 13 or the spacer 13 may be detached from the mounting block 12 by pushing the free end of the finger 17 or 17' downwardly to release the latch member 16 or 16' from the recess 18 or 18' to allow the truck body 11 to be slidably disengaged longitudinally from the mounting block 12 or spacer 13, or spacer 13 from the

mounting block 12. Assembly is a reverse of the above except that the truck body 11 may be pushed onto the block 12 or spacer 13 until the latch member 16 or 16' under the influence of the spring finger 17 or 17' locates within or "snaps" into the recess 18 and similarly for engagement of the spacer 13 with the mounting block 12.

5 The truck body 11 includes a transversely extending bore 19 which is sized to accept a steering adjustment body or boss 20 (see also Figs. 3 and 4) which is supported rotatably in the bore 19 by being inserted from one side thereof and which is retained by means of a circlip 21 on the opposite side such that the boss 20 is capable of rotation about the axis 22 of the bore 19, that axis 22 extending substantially normal to the
10 longitudinal axis of the skateboard deck to which the truck assembly 10 is mounted. The boss 20 may be journalled directly in the bore 19 or supported therein for rotation by any suitable bearing arrangement. The boss 20 is also provided with a central bore 23 which is coaxial with the bore 19 of the body 11. The bore 23 is of a somewhat rectangular cross-sectional configuration and receives therethrough the main truck axle
15 24 which supports at opposite ends via bearings the wheels 25 of the truck assembly 10. The rectangular shape of the bore 23 accommodates pivotal movement of the truck axle 24 as described further below.

 The truck axle 24 is mounted to the boss 20 by means of a trunnion arrangement comprising a pair of opposite trunnions 26 (see Figs. 3 and 4) which are arranged
20 intermediate the opposite ends of the axle 24 and which extend normal to the longitudinal axis of the axle 24. The trunnions 26 may be defined on opposite sides of a trunnion body through which the axle 24 passes. The trunnions 26 alternatively may be defined by a pin inserted into a bore which extends transversely through the axle 24 and projects on opposite sides thereof. In another arrangement, the trunnions 26 may
25 be defined by a pair of pins which are provided on opposite sides of the axle 24 and interconnected for example by a threaded connection through the axle 24. Other arrangements however may be provided for defining the trunnions 26. The trunnions 26 are supported in opposite bores 27 in the boss 20 via bearings 28 such as roller or ball bearings or bushes so as to allow for smooth pivoting movement of the axle 24
30 about the axis 29 of the trunnions 26. As is apparent in Fig. 4, the trunnion axis 29 extends at right angles to the axis 22 of the bore 23 and defines a transverse pivot axis of the axle 24. The bores 27 may be closed on their outer sides by end caps. It will

also be apparent that in the position of Fig. 1, the longitudinal axis of the axle 24 is coaxial with the axis 22 of the bore 19.

The orientation of the pivot axis 29 of the trunnions 26 can be adjusted by rotation of the boss 20 in the bore 19 of the truck body 11. To enable setting of
5 position of the trunnion's pivot axis 29, an arm 30 which is integrally formed with the boss 20 extends radially from the boss 20. The free end of the arm 30 is provided with a spring loaded stop pin 31 which is normally urged by an internal spring 32 in the arm 30 to the position of Fig. 3 extending parallel to the axis 22 of the bore 19. The pin 31 is provided with a head 33 to facilitate grasping and retraction of the pin 31 against the
10 force of the spring 32. The pin 31 may locate in one of a series of holes 34 provided at spaced apart positions along a curved member 35 of the body 11 which is centered on the rotational axis 22 of the boss 20. To change the rotational position of the boss 20 relative to the truck body 11, the pin 31 is retracted by grasping the pin head 33 and the arm 30 is then rotated in a desired direction to rotate the boss 20 and re-position the
15 stop pin 31 in alignment with another one of the holes 34 after which the pin 31 may be released to locate within that hole 34 to positively hold the arm 30 and boss 20 in a set position. It will be apparent that during this movement, axle 24 remains concentric with the axis 22 of the bore 19.

The boss 20 is also provided with relief grooves 36 and 37 extending from, and
20 on opposite sides of, the bore 23 and boss 20 and in alignment with the arm 30, the grooves 36 and 37 and the rectangular configuration of the bore 23 accommodating pivotal movement of the axle 24 in or parallel to a plane 38 (shown in dotted outline in Fig. 4) perpendicular to the pivot axis 29 of the trunnions 26. It will be appreciated that rotation of the steering boss 20 as described above will rotate the transverse pivot
25 axis 29 of the axle 24 as defined by the trunnions 26 to thereby vary the orientation of the plane 38 along which the axle 24 may pivot.

To hold the axle 24 in a "neutral" position extending substantially at right angles to the truck body 11 and thus the longitudinal axis of the skateboard deck to which the truck assembly 10 is mounted, pairs of tension springs 39 are provided on opposite
30 sides of the truck body 11 to extend between anchoring points 40 on the truck body 11 on either side of the axle 24, and a lug 41 mounted to the axle 24 at a position spaced outwardly from the body 11. The springs 39 provide a biasing force to resist pivotal

movement of the axle 24 about the trunnion axis 29. The axle 24 preferably comprises a central part 42 which carries or is connected to the trunnions 26 and detachable opposite end parts 43 which carry the wheels 25. The end parts 43 have internally threaded cup like ends 44 which are adapted for threaded engagement with opposite
5 externally threaded ends 45 of the central part 42. The spring mounting lugs 41 are captured and retained between the threaded ends 44 and 45. The described multi-part axle arrangement allows different length end parts 43 to be engaged with the central part 42 for different applications or for supporting wheels 25 of different sizes or configurations.

10 As shown in Figs. 5 and 6, pairs of truck assemblies 10 are mounted at spaced apart fore and aft positions via respective mounting blocks 12 and spacers 13 (if required) to the underside of an elongated deck 46 to form a skateboard 47 typically a longboard type skateboard. The positions of the steering bosses 20 of each truck assembly 10 may then be varied depending upon the steering characteristics required in
15 the skateboard 47. In the position shown in Fig. 1 and assuming that the truck assembly 11 is mounted to the deck 46 of the skateboard 47 such that the pivot axis 29 is parallel to the longitudinal axis 48 of the skateboard 47, pivotal movement of the skateboard deck 46 will not cause any steering movement of the truck assembly 10 as the axle 24 will pivot in a plane at right angles to the skateboard axis 48. Thus no fore and aft
20 pivotal movement of the axle 24 results and thus no steering is achieved.

Altering the plane of pivotal movement of the axle 24 by inclining the axis 29 of the trunnions 26 to the longitudinal axis 48 of the skateboard 47 will enable steering to be achieved. Thus if the arm 30 of the steering boss 20 is moved to a position where the stop pin 31 can locate in one of the holes 34 away from the central hole 34' as for
25 example shown in Fig. 7(a), the pivot axis 29 of the trunnions 26 is accordingly pivoted such as to be inclined acutely to the longitudinal axis 48. Thus pivoting of the deck 46 as indicated by the arrows A in Fig. 7 (c) during riding of the skateboard 47 by for example weight shifting will be translated into an anti-clockwise pivoting movement of the axle 24 as shown in Fig. 7(b) and as indicated by the arrows B along the inclined
30 steering plane indicated at 38 in Fig. 7(a) and therefore steer the skateboard 47. Where the skateboard deck 46 is pivoted in the opposite direction, the axle 24 will pivot in the inclined plane 38 in a clockwise direction in to effect steering of the skateboard 47 in

the opposite direction.

If the arm 30 is further adjusted as shown in Fig. 8(a) to position the trunnion axis 29 at an increased angle to the longitudinal axis 48 of the skateboard 47, the possible plane 38 of movement of the axle 24 will, relative to the axis 48, become increasingly acute such that pivoting of the skateboard deck 46 as for example indicated by the arrows C in Fig. 8(c) will result in increased fore and anti-clockwise pivoting movement of the axle 24 and wheels 25 and thus sharper turning through a reduced turning circle as indicated by the arrows D.

Of course the steering effect of both the front and rear truck assemblies 10 may be selectively varied by simply readjusting the position of the arm 30 by retracting the stop pin 31 and repositioning the pin 31 in one of the holes 34 with movement of the pin 31 outwardly from the center position resulting in a reduced turning circle or a sharper steering effect with the same pivotal movement of the skateboard deck 46. The rider is therefore able in a simple and effective manner to selectively adjust the steering required for different circumstances or different applications.

In the skateboard 47 as illustrated in Fig. 5, it will be seen that the steering adjustment arms 30 of the truck assemblies 10 are angled in opposite directions such that when the deck 46 is pivoted about the longitudinal axis 48, the front and rear axles 24 will pivot in opposite directions. In some circumstances however it may be desirable to have only the front truck assembly 10 provide a steering function and thus the arm 30 of the rear truck assembly 10 in this instance is located in the central position as illustrated in Fig. 1 where the deck of the skateboard 47 is planar. In the skateboard 47 of Fig. 5 where opposite ends of the deck 46 are inclined upwardly, the arm 30 is adjusted such that it and the possible plane 38 of pivotal movement of the axle 24 is at right angles to the axis 48

The truck assemblies 10 of the invention may be applied to skateboard decks of many different configurations and various steering characteristics of the skateboard can be achieved by simply adjusting the adjustment arms 30 in the manner described. Further the handling characteristics can be varied by changing the spacers 13 or alternatively eliminating the spacers 13. It will be further appreciated that arrangements other than those described in the embodiment may be provided for supporting the axle 24 of the truck assembly 10 such that the angle of its possible plane of pivotal

movement can be adjusted to adjust the steering characteristics of the truck assembly
10.

Whilst the above has been given by way of illustrative embodiment of the
invention, all variations and modifications thereto as would be apparent to persons skilled
5 in the art are deemed to fall within the broad scope and ambit of the invention as herein
set forth.

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Claims

1. A truck assembly for a skateboard having a skateboard deck, said truck assembly having a main body adapted to be mounted to the underside of said skateboard deck, an axle for supporting a pair of skateboard wheels, means for mounting said axle to said main body in such a manner as to allow pivotal movement of said axle in opposite directions in a steering plane extending transversely of said main body and means for selectively adjusting said steering plane to vary the steering characteristics of said truck assembly.
2. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 1 and including pivot means intermediate the opposite ends of said axle for mounting said axle to said main body, said pivot means defining the plane of pivotal movement of said wheel axle, and means for selectively adjusting said pivot means to adjust the plane of movement of the said axle.
3. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 2 and including support means for said pivot means, said pivot support means being mounted to said main body for rotation about an axis extending transversely of said main body.
4. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 3 wherein said pivot means comprises a pair of opposite trunnions and wherein said pivot means comprises a trunnion support boss, said main body includes a transversely extending bore and said trunnion support boss being supported for rotation in said bore.
5. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 4 and including an adjustment arm extending from said support boss, and locating means for locating and defining different positions of said adjustment arm and said support boss.
6. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 5 wherein said locating means comprise a plurality of apertures or holes, and wherein said adjustment arm includes a pin which can locate in a selected aperture or hole to locate said support boss in a desired rotational attitude.

7. A truck assembly as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6 and including biasing means for opposing said pivotal movement of said axle in opposite directions in said steering plane.

5 8. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 7 wherein said biasing means comprise resilient means on both sides of the main body and extending between, and being connected to, said main body and axle.

9. A truck assembly for a skateboard having an elongated skateboard deck, said
10 truck assembly having a main body adapted to be mounted to the underside of said skateboard deck, a wheel assembly having an axle and a pair of wheels rotatably mounted to opposite ends of said axle, pivot means intermediate said ends of said axle mounting said axle to said main body for pivotal movement about an axis extending substantially normally to said axle to thereby permit pivotal movement of said axle in or
15 parallel to a plane normal to said axis, and means for selectively adjusting said pivot axis to vary the plane of movement of said axle whereby to change the steering characteristics of said truck assembly.

10. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 9 wherein said main body has a
20 longitudinal axis for longitudinal alignment with said skateboard deck and wherein said pivot axis of said wheel axle is adjustable in a plane passing through said longitudinal axis of said main body.

11. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 10 wherein said pivot means comprises
25 trunnions extending to opposite sides of said wheel axle and there being provided means for supporting said trunnions for said pivotal movement of said axle about said pivot axis.

12. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 11 wherein said trunnion support means
30 comprises a support boss mounted in a bore in said main body for rotational movement about an axis extending transversely of said main body and normal to said pivot axis of said axle and means for selectively adjusting the rotational position of said boss relative

to said main body.

13. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 12 and including an adjustment arm extending from said support boss, said adjustment arm being selectively adjustable to
5 adjust the rotational position of said support boss.

14. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 13 and including a plurality of arm locating means and wherein said adjustment arm include means for cooperation, or for alignment, with a selected said locating means.
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15. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 14 wherein said locating means comprise a plurality of apertures or holes, and wherein said adjustment arm includes a pin for location in a selected aperture or hole.

15 16. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 15 wherein said pin is spring loaded to cooperate with a selected aperture or hole to positively locate and hold said arm in a selected position.

17. A truck assembly according to claim 16 wherein said arm extends radially from
20 said boss relative to the axis of rotational movement thereof and wherein said locating means are arranged along an arc or curve on said main body and centered on said axis of rotational movement of said boss.

18. A truck assembly as claimed in any one claims to 9 to 17 and including
25 biasing means for opposing movement of said axle in opposite directions about said pivot axis.

19. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 18 wherein said biasing means comprise pairs of springs on both sides of said main body, said springs on each side of said main
30 body extending between, and being connected to, opposite ends of said main body and said axle.

20. A truck assembly for use with a skateboard having a skateboard deck, said truck assembly having a main body, and mounting means for mounting said main body to said skateboard deck, said mounting means comprising a mounting member adapted to be mounted directly to the underside of said skateboard deck, said mounting member
5 having means for cooperation with said main body for mounting said truck assembly to said skateboard, or with a spacer for mounting said truck assembly via said spacer to said skateboard deck.

21. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 20 wherein said main body of said truck
10 assembly is adapted for slidable engagement with said mounting member or said spacer and wherein said spacer is adapted for slidable engagement with said mounting member.

22. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 21 wherein said mounting member and said main body have complementary coupling means and wherein said spacer has coupling
15 means complementary to said coupling means of said main body and said mounting member.

23. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 22 wherein said complementary coupling means comprise a complementary rib or tongue/groove configuration which permits said
20 main body, mounting member and spacer to be slidably interengaged.

24. A truck assembly as claimed in claim 23 and including releasable latch means for latching said main body to said mounting member or said spacer and said spacer to said mounting member.

25

25. A skateboard having an elongated skateboard deck and a pair of truck assemblies secured to the underside of said deck adjacent opposite ends of said deck, each said truck assembly having an axle supporting a pair of wheels at opposite ends thereof, and wherein said axle of at least one said truck assembly is mounted to said skateboard
30 deck for pivotal movement in a steering plane extending transversely to the longitudinal axis of said skateboard deck to allow steering of said skateboard and there being provided means for selectively adjusting the inclination of said steering plane relative to

said longitudinal axis of said skateboard deck to enable variation of the steering characteristics of said skateboard.

26. A skateboard as claimed in claim 25 wherein said axle is supported for pivotal steering movement in said steering plane about a pivot axis defining said plane of pivotal movement of said axle, said pivot axis lying in a plane extending longitudinally of said skateboard deck and normal thereto, and wherein said means for selectively adjusting the plane of pivotal movement of said axle comprises means for rotating said pivot axis in said longitudinally extending plane.

10

27. A skateboard as claimed in claim 26 wherein said at least one truck assembly includes a main body, said main body being mounted to said skateboard deck in longitudinal alignment with the longitudinal axis of said skateboard deck, and pivot support means mounted to said main body for rotation about an axis extending transversely of said longitudinal axis, said pivot support means supporting said axle to said main body for pivotal movement about said pivot axis.

15

28. A skateboard as claimed in claim 27 and including an adjustment arm for adjusting the rotational position of said pivot support means relative to said main body for adjusting the pivot axis of said axle, and locating means for locating said adjustment arm in a series of spaced positions.

20

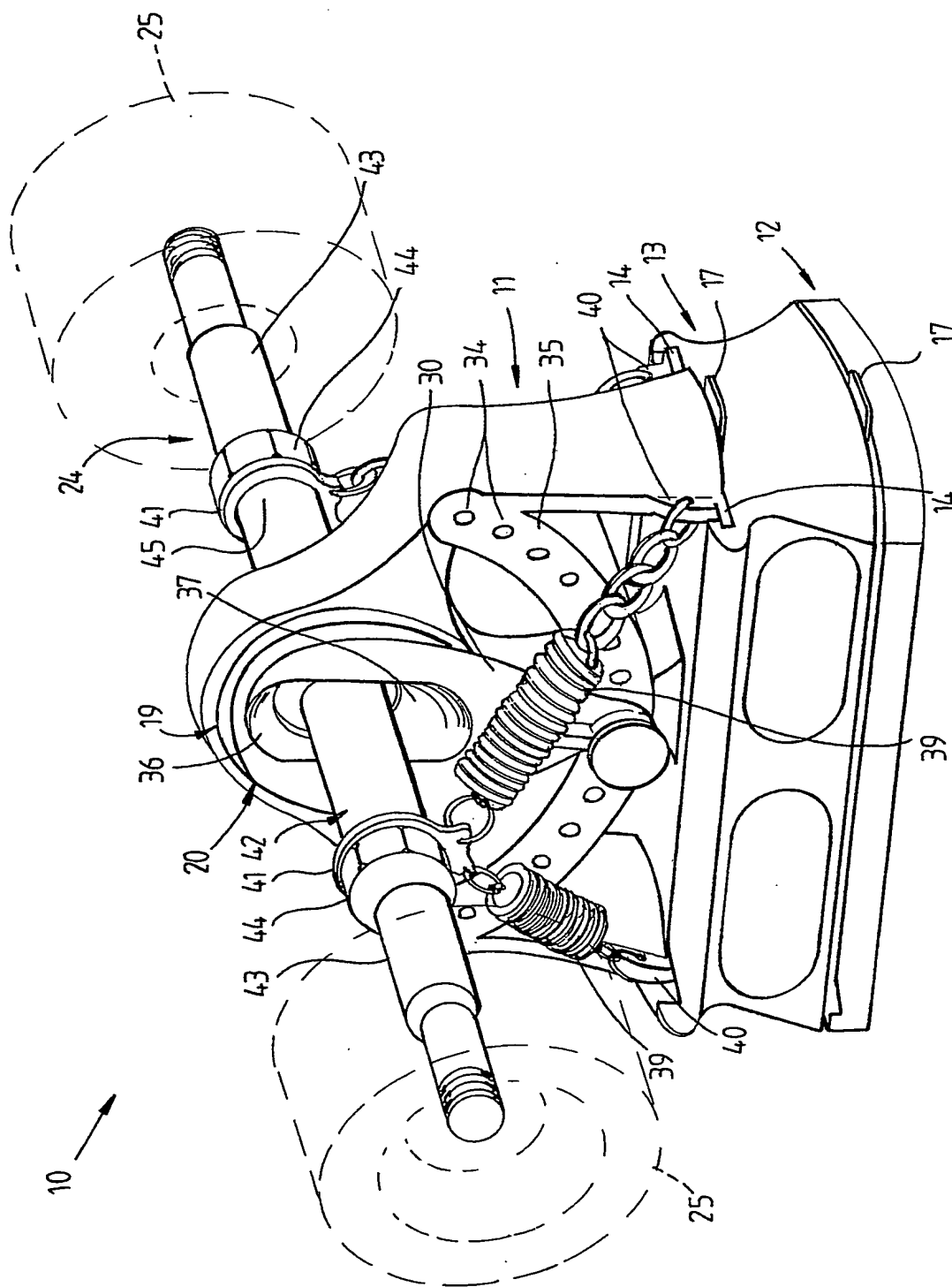


FIG. 1

2/6

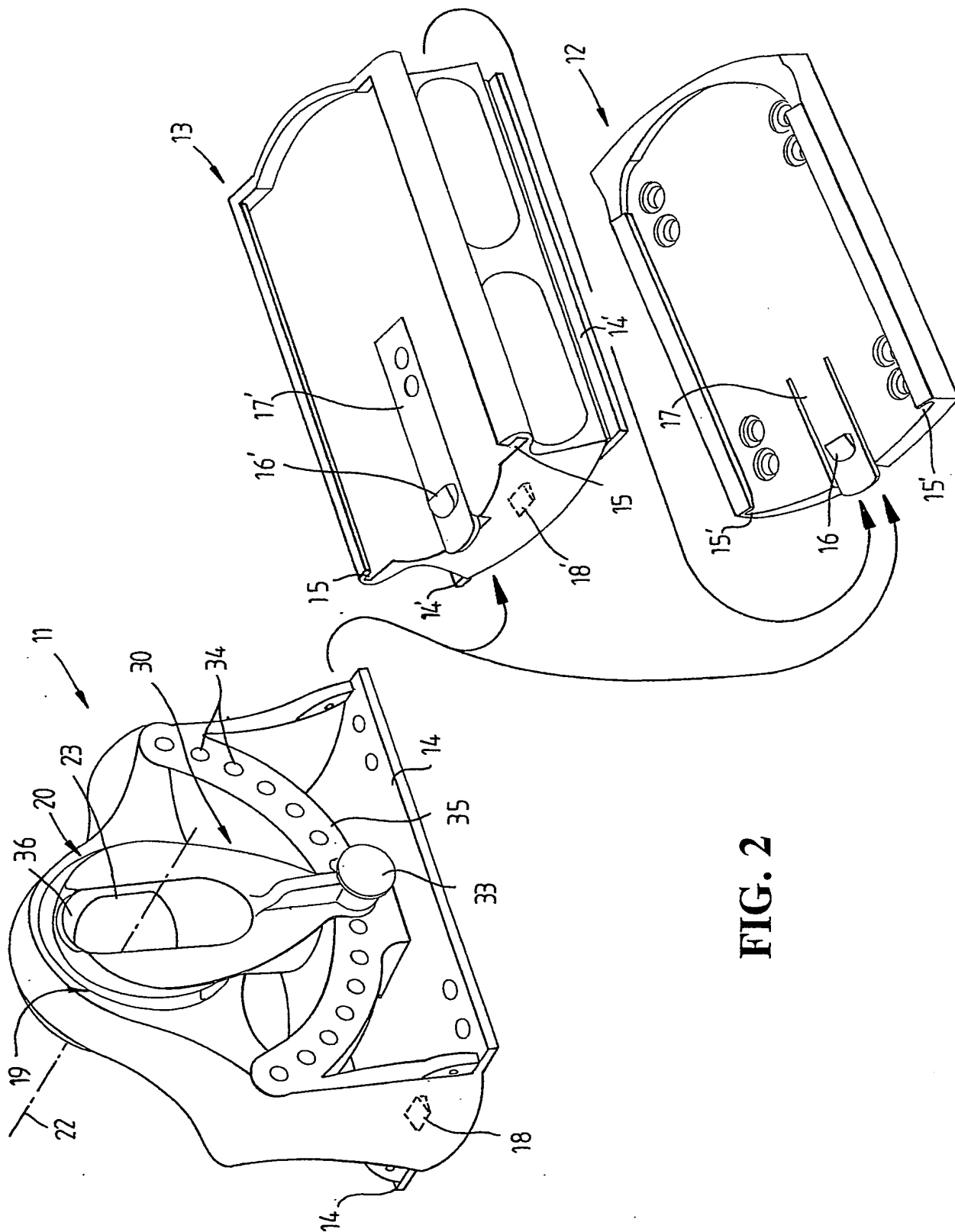


FIG. 2

3/6

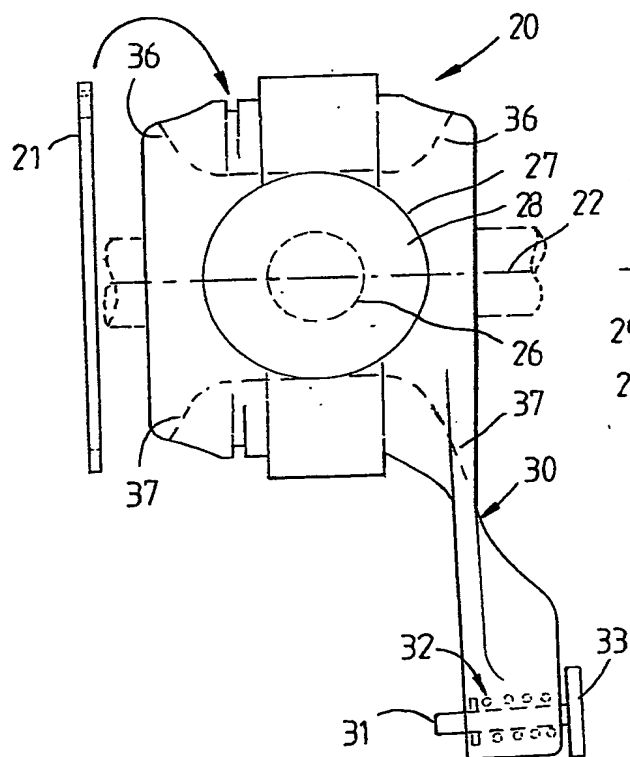


FIG. 3

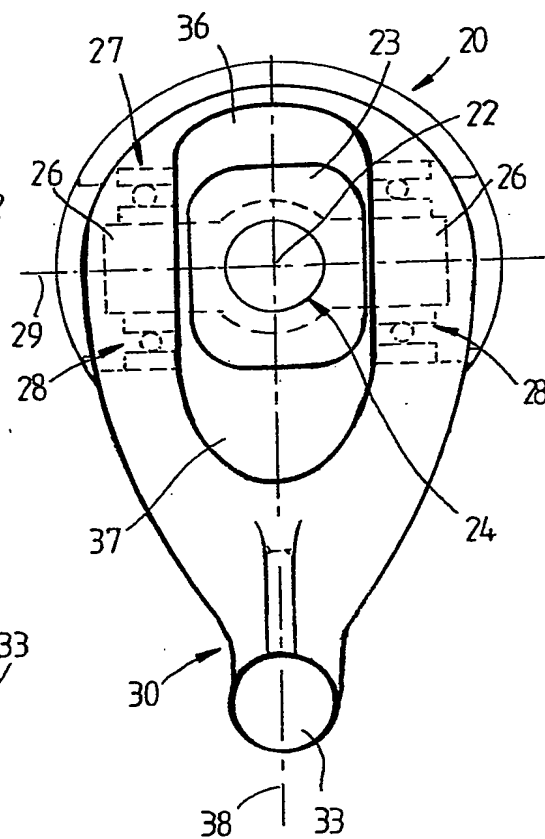


FIG. 4

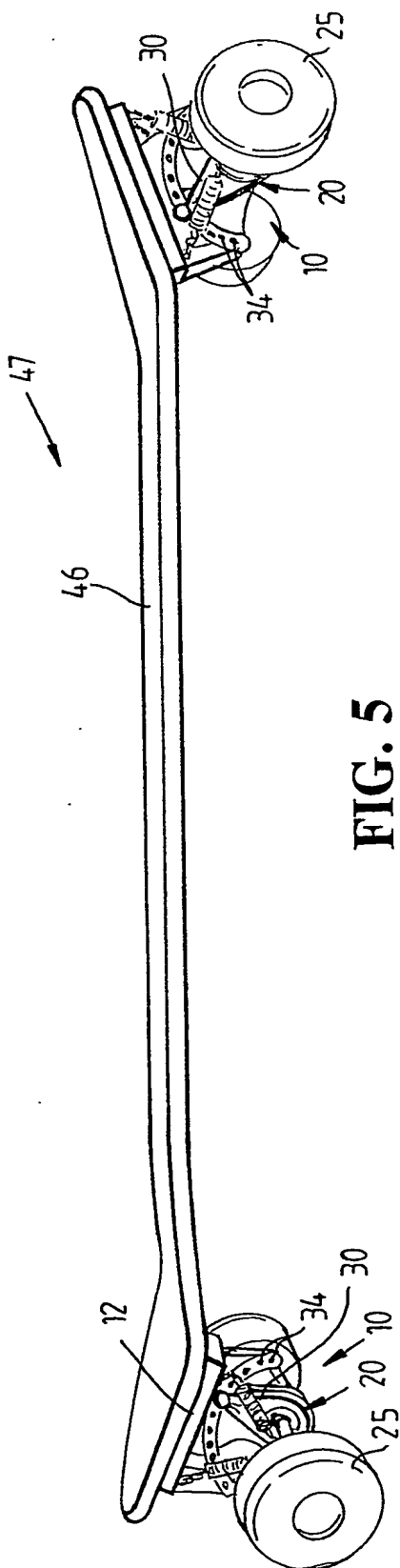


FIG. 5

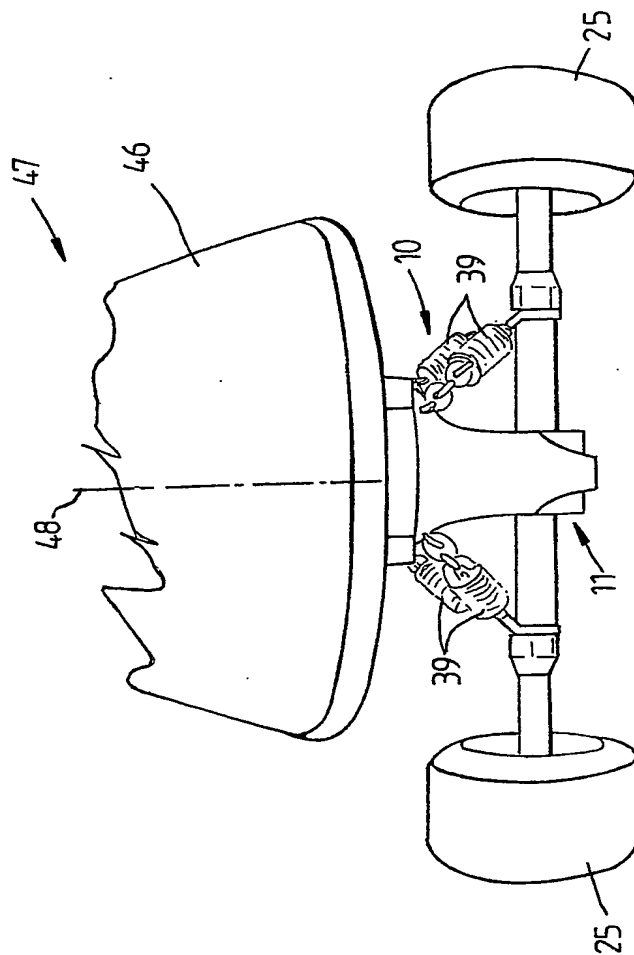


FIG. 6

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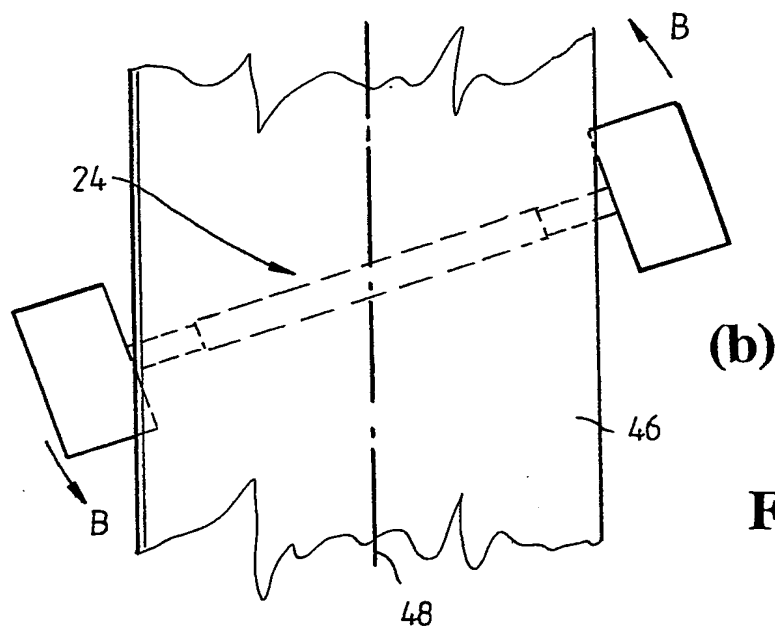
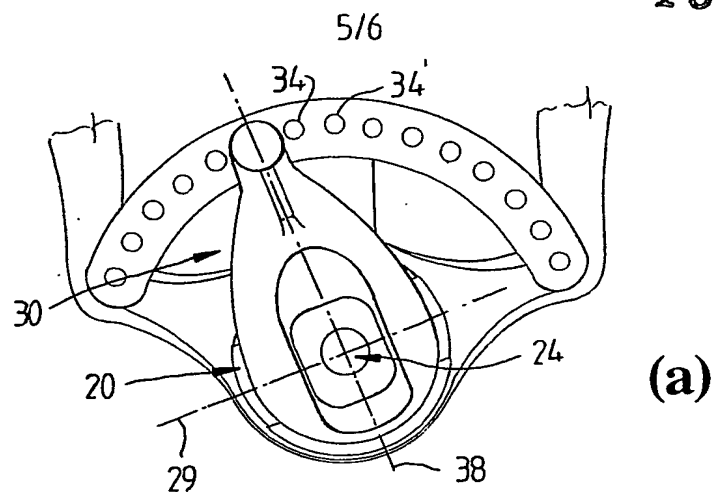
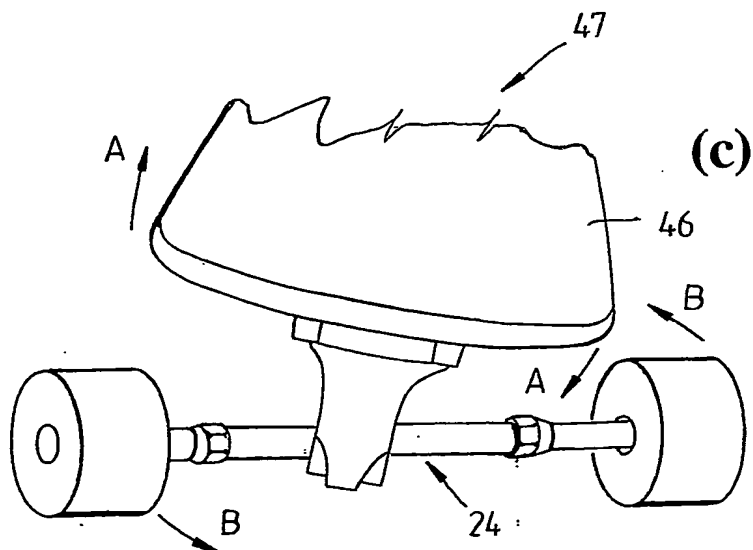
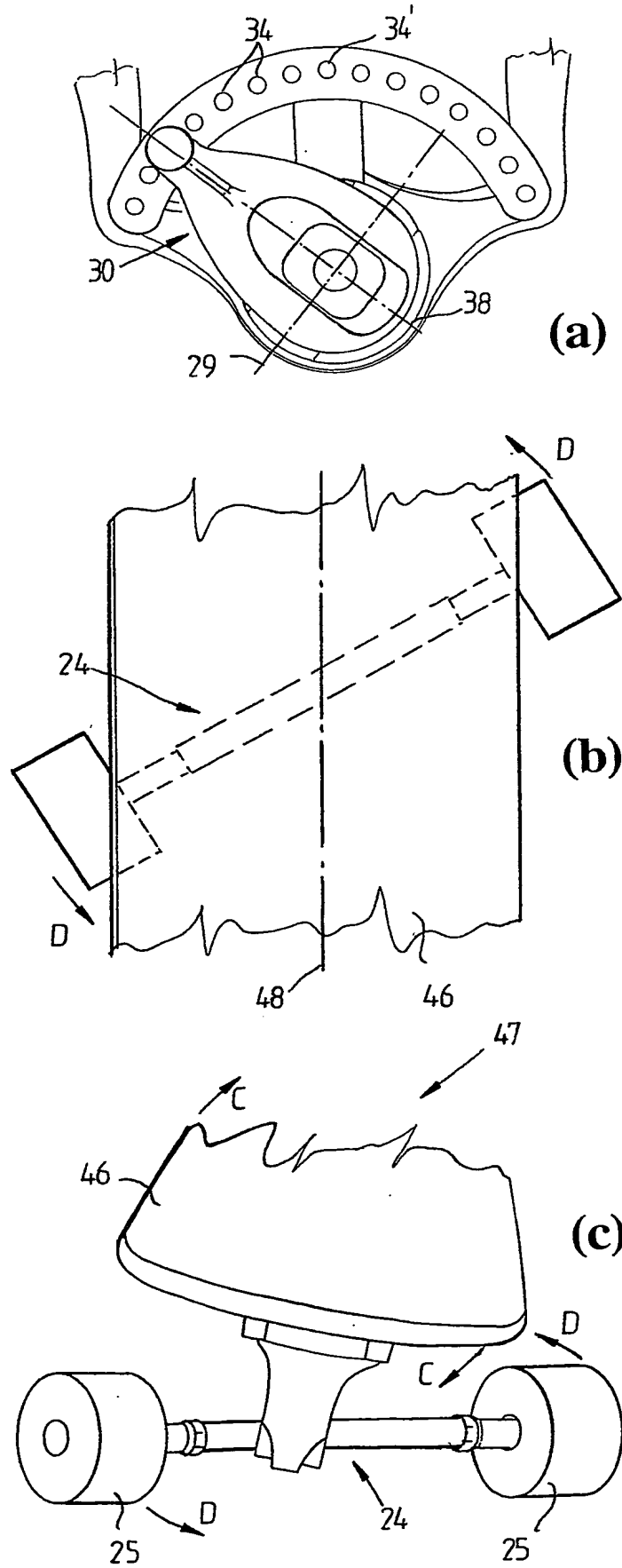


FIG. 7





INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU03/01092

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER												
Int. Cl. ⁷ : A63F 17/00												
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC												
B. FIELDS SEARCHED												
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)												
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched												
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) DWPI:IPC A63C 17/- & keywords: (skateboard, truck, pivot, hinge, steer, guide, adjust, alter) and similar terms.												
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT												
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.										
X	EP 557872 A (HPT HARTNER PRAZISIONSTECHNIK GMBH ET AL) 1 September 1993 Whole document	1-28										
A	US 5161810 A (DECESARE) 10 November 1992 Whole document	1-28										
A	US 6224076 B1 (KENT) 1 May 2001 Whole document	1-28										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex												
<p>* Special categories of cited documents:</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</td> <td>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date</td> <td>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</td> <td>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</td> <td>"&" document member of the same patent family</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>			"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention	"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone	"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art	"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family	"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention											
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone											
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art											
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	"&" document member of the same patent family											
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed												
Date of the actual completion of the international search 27 October 2003		Date of mailing of the international search report 31 OCT 2003										
Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA E-mail address: pct@ipaaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		Authorized officer KAREN VIOLANTE Telephone No : (02) 6283 7933										

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU03/01092

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 01/60467 A (TAN ET AL) 23 August 2001 Whole document	1-28
A	US 2002011713 A (KIRKLAND) 31 January 2002 Whole document	1-28
A	DE 10053501 A (SPORTS ON HANDELSAGENTUR GMBH) 8 May 2002 Whole document	1-28
A	US 20020089130 A (CASSEL) 11 July 2002 Whole document	1-28

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU03/01092

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

2. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

3. ☐ Claims Nos :
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims 1-19, 25-28
2. Claims 20-24

As reasoned on the extra sheet:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims
2. ☒ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/AU03/01092

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report			Patent Family Member	
EP	0557872	US	5263725	
US	5161810	NONE		
US	6224076	NONE		
WO	0160467	US	2003155733	
US	2002011713	US	6315304	US 6523837
DE	10053501	NONE		
US	20020089130	NONE		
END OF ANNEX				